



RADIO TEST REPORT

For

Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co.,Ltd

Bluetooth Speaker

Test Model: OS-1651

Additional Model No.: Please Refer to Page 6

Date of receipt of test sample : July 01, 2024
Number of tested samples : 2
Sample No. : A240701005-1, A240701005-2
Serial number : Prototype
Date of Test : July 01, 2024 ~ July 09, 2024
Date of Report : July 10, 2024





RADIO TEST REPORT ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz band; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum	
Report Reference No.	LCSA06104103EB001
Date of Issue	July 10, 2024
Testing Laboratory Name	Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd.
Address	Room 101, 201, Building A and Room 301, Building C, Juji Industrial Park, Yabianxueziwei, Shajing Street, Bao'an District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Testing Location/ Procedure	Full application of Harmonised standards ■ Partial application of Harmonised standards □ Other standard testing method □
Applicant's Name	Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co.,Ltd
Address	306, Building 13, Fuhai Industry Park, Fuyong Street, Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China
Test Specification Standard..... : ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Test Report Form No. : TRF-4-E-133 A/0 TRF Originator..... : Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. Master TRF..... : Dated 2017-06	
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Test Item Description	Bluetooth Speaker
Trade Mark	N/A
Test Model	OS-1651
Ratings	Input: DC 5V, 1A DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 1200mAh
Result	Positive

Compiled by:

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Approved by:

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RADIO -- TEST REPORT

Test Report No. : LCSA06104103EB001**July 10, 2024**
Date of issue

Test Model..... : OS-1651

EUT..... : Bluetooth Speaker

Applicant..... : Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co.,LtdAddress..... : 306, Building 13, Fuhai Industry Park, Fuyong Street,
Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

Manufacturer..... : Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co.,LtdAddress..... : 306, Building 13, Fuhai Industry Park, Fuyong Street,
Baoan District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

Factory..... : /

Address..... : /

Telephone..... : /

Fax..... : /

Test Result**Positive**

The test report merely corresponds to the test sample.
It is not permitted to copy extracts of these test result without the written permission of the test laboratory.



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Revision History

Report Version	Issue Date	Revision Content	Revised By
000	July 10, 2024	Initial Issue	---





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1. GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1. Product Description for Equipment Under Test (EUT)

EUT	: Bluetooth Speaker
Test Model	: OS-1651
Additional Model No.	: COSMO10, Monic Harmony, 921196
Model Declaration	: PCB board, structure and internal of these model(s) are the same, So no additional models were tested
Ratings	: Input: DC 5V, 1A DC 3.7V by Rechargeable Li-ion Battery, 1200mAh
Hardware Version	: V1.0
Software Version	: V1.0
Bluetooth	:
Frequency Range	: 2402MHz~2480MHz
Channel Number	: 79 channels for Bluetooth V5.4 (BDR/EDR)
Channel Spacing	: 1MHz for Bluetooth V5.4 (BDR/EDR)
Modulation Type	: GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK for Bluetooth V5.4 (BDR/EDR)
Bluetooth Version	: V5.4
Antenna Description	: PCB Antenna, 0dBi(max.)
FM	:
Frequency Range	: 87.5MHz~108MHz
Modulation Type	: FM
Antenna Description	: External Antenna



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Product Information

a) The type of modulation used by the equipment:

- ☒ FHSS
☐ other forms of modulation

b) In case of FHSS modulation:

• In case of non-Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment:

The number of Hopping Frequencies:

• In case of Adaptive Frequency Hopping Equipment:

The maximum number of Hopping Frequencies: 79

The minimum number of Hopping Frequencies: 79

The Dwell Time:

The Minimum Channel Occupation Time:

c) Adaptive / non-adaptive equipment:

- ☐ non-adaptive Equipment
☒ adaptive Equipment without the possibility to switch to a non-adaptive mode
☐ adaptive Equipment which can also operate in a non-adaptive mode

d) In case of adaptive equipment:

The maximum Channel Occupancy Time implemented by the equipment: ms

☐ The equipment has implemented an LBT based DAA mechanism

• In case of equipment using modulation different from FHSS:

☐ The equipment is Frame Based equipment

☐ The equipment is Load Based equipment

☐ The equipment can switch dynamically between Frame Based and Load Based equipment

The CCA time implemented by the equipment: μ s

☒ The equipment has implemented a non-LBT based DAA mechanism

☐ The equipment can operate in more than one adaptive mode

e) In case of non-adaptive Equipment:

The maximum RF Output Power (e.i.r.p.): 1.06dBm

The maximum (corresponding) Duty Cycle: ... %

Equipment with dynamic behaviour, that behaviour is described here. (e.g. the different combinations of duty cycle and corresponding power levels to be declared):

f) The worst case operational mode for each of the following tests:

• RF Output Power

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

• Power Spectral Density

.....

• Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap

.....



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- Accumulated Transmit time, Frequency Occupation & Hopping Sequence (only for FHSS equipment)

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

- Hopping Frequency Separation (only for FHSS equipment)

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

- Medium Utilisation

-
- Adaptivity & Receiver Blocking
-

- Nominal Channel Bandwidth

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

- Transmitter unwanted emissions in the OOB domain

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

- Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

- Receiver spurious emissions

GFSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, 8-DPSK

g) The different transmit operating modes (tick all that apply):

☒ Operating mode 1: Single Antenna Equipment

☒ Equipment with only 1 antenna

☐ Equipment with two diversity antennas but only one antenna active at any moment in time

☐ Smart Antenna Systems with two or more antennas, but operating in a (legacy) mode where only one antenna is used. (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode in smart antenna systems)

☐ Operating mode 2: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas without beam forming

☐ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput / (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode)

☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1

☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2

NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

☐ Operating mode 3: Smart Antenna Systems - Multiple Antennas with beam forming

☐ Single spatial stream / Standard throughput (e.g. IEEE 802.11™ [i.3] legacy mode)

☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1

☐ High Throughput (> 1 spatial stream) using Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2

NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

h) In case of Smart Antenna Systems:

- The number of Receive chains:

- The number of Transmit chains:

☐ symmetrical power distribution

☐ asymmetrical power distribution

In case of beam forming, the maximum beam forming gain:

NOTE: Beam forming gain does not include the basic gain of a single antenna.

i) Operating Frequency Range(s) of the equipment:



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- Operating Frequency Range 1: 2402 MHz to 2480 MHz
 - Operating Frequency Range 2: MHz to MHz
- NOTE: Add more lines if more Frequency Ranges are supported.

j) Occupied Channel Bandwidth(s):

- Occupied Channel Bandwidth 1: 0.768MHz
- Occupied Channel Bandwidth 2: 1.164MHz
- Occupied Channel Bandwidth 3: 1.178MHz

NOTE: Add more lines if more channel bandwidths are supported.

k) Type of Equipment (stand-alone, combined, plug-in radio device, etc.):

- ☒ Stand-alone
- ☐ Combined Equipment (Equipment where the radio part is fully integrated within another type of equipment)
- ☐ Plug-in radio device (Equipment intended for a variety of host systems)
- Other

l) The extreme operating conditions that apply to the equipment:

Operating temperature range: -20° C to 45° C

Details provided are for the: ☒ stand-alone equipment

☐ combined (or host) equipment

☐ test jig

m) The intended combination(s) of the radio equipment power settings and one or more antenna assemblies and their corresponding e.i.r.p levels:

- Antenna Type

☒ PCB Antenna

Antenna Gain: 0dBi

If applicable, additional beamforming gain (excluding basic antenna gain): dB

☐ Temporary RF connector provided

☐ No temporary RF connector provided

☐ Dedicated Antennas (equipment with antenna connector)

☒ Single power level with corresponding antenna(s)

☐ Multiple power settings and corresponding antenna(s)

Number of different Power Levels: 1

Power Level 1: dBm

Power Level 2: dBm

Power Level 3: dBm

NOTE 1: Add more lines in case the equipment has more power levels.

NOTE 2: These power levels are conducted power levels (at antenna connector).

n) The nominal voltages of the stand-alone radio equipment or the nominal voltages of the combined (host) equipment or test jig in case of plug-in devices:

Details provided are for the: ☒ stand-alone equipment



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☐ combined (or host) equipment

☐ test jig

Supply Voltage ☐ AC mains State AC voltage: 230V

☒ DC State DC voltage: 5V

In case of DC, indicate the type of power source

☐ Internal Power Supply

☐ External Power Supply or AC/DC adapter

☒ Battery: 3.7V

☐ Other:

o) Describe the test modes available which can facilitate testing:

The EUT can transmit in engineering mode.

p) The equipment type (e.g. Bluetooth®, IEEE 802.11™ [i.3], proprietary, etc.):

Bluetooth®



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1.2. Objective

This Type approval report is prepared on behalf of **Shenzhen Oceantech Electronics Co.,Ltd** in accordance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07), Wideband transmission systems; Data transmission equipment operating in the 2,4 GHz band; Harmonised Standard for access to radio spectrum.

The objective is to determine compliance with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07).

1.3. Related Submittal(s)/Grant(s)

No Related Submittals.

1.4. Test Methodology

All measurements contained in this report were conducted with ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07).

1.5. Description of Test Facility

NVLAP Accreditation Code is 600167-0.

FCC Designation Number is CN5024.

CAB identifier is CN0071.

CNAS Registration Number is L4595.

1.6. Support Equipment List

Manufacturer	Description	Model	Serial Number	Certificate
SHENZHEN TIANYIN ELECTRONICS CO., LTD	Power Adapter	TPA-46050200U U	---	CE

Note: The adapter is supplied by lab and only use tested.

1.7. External I/O

I/O Port Description	Quantity	Cable
Type-C USB Port	1	N/A
USB Port	1	USB Cable: 0.5m, unshielded
TF Card Slot	1	N/A



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1.8. Measurement Uncertainty

Where relevant, the following measurement uncertainty levels have been estimated for tests performed on the apparatus:

Parameter	Uncertainty
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	5 %
RF output power, conducted	1,5 dB
Power Spectral Density, conducted	3 dB
Unwanted Emissions, conducted	3 dB
All emissions, radiated	6 dB
Temperature	1 °C
Humidity	5 %
DC and low frequency voltages	3 %
Time	5 %
Duty Cycle	5 %

1.9. Test Environment

Items	Required (IEC 68-1)	Actual
Temperature (°C)	15-35	22.6
Humidity (%RH)	25-75	51.5
Barometric pressure (mbar)	860-1060	950-1000

1.10. Description of Test Modes

LCS has verified the construction and function in typical operation. All the test modes were carried out with the EUT in normal operation, which was shown in this test report and defined as:

Test Mode
Mode 1: Transmit by DH1, DH3, DH5
Mode 2: Transmit by 2DH1, 2DH3, 2DH5
Mode 3: Transmit by 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5
Mode 4: Receive by DH1, DH3, DH5
Mode 5: Receive by 2DH1, 2DH3, 2DH5
Mode 6: Receive by 3DH1, 3DH3, 3DH5

Note:

- (1) For portable device, radiated spurious emission was verified over X, Y, Z Axis, and shown the worst case on this report.
- (2) Regards to the frequency band operation for systems using FHSS modulation: normal operation (hopping) was selected to test for conducted, and the lowest, highest frequency channel for radiation spurious test.
- (3) The extreme test condition for voltage and temperature were declared by the manufacturer.
- (4) All test modes were tested, but we only recorded the worst case in this report.



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2. SYSTEM TEST CONFIGURATION

2.1. Justification

The system was configured for testing in engineering mode.

2.2. EUT Exercise Software

N/A.

2.3. Special Accessories

N/A.

2.4. Block Diagram/Schematics

Please refer to the related document.

2.5. Equipment Modifications

Shenzhen LCS Compliance Testing Laboratory Ltd. has not done any modification on the EUT.

2.6. Configuration of Test Setup

Please refer to the test setup photo.



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3. SUMMARY OF TEST RESULT

- ☒ No deviations from the test standards
☐ Deviations from the test standards as below description:

Technical requirements for Frequency Hopping equipment:

Performed Test Item	Normative References	Test Performed	Deviation
RF Output Power & Receiver Category	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Duty cycle, Tx-Sequence, Tx-gap	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	N/A	N/A
Accumulated Transmit Time, Frequency Occupation and Hopping Sequence	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Hopping Frequency Separation	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Medium Utilisation (MU) factor	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	N/A	N/A
Adaptivity (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	N/A	N/A
Occupied Channel Bandwidth	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Transmitter unwanted emissions in the spurious domain	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Receiver Spurious Emissions	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No
Receiver Blocking	ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07)	Yes	No

Note:

The EUT can operate in an adaptive mode, and can't operate in a non-adaptive mode which is stated by the supplier.



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4. TEST RESULTS

4.1. RF Output Power

4.1.1 Limit

For non-adaptive frequency hopping systems

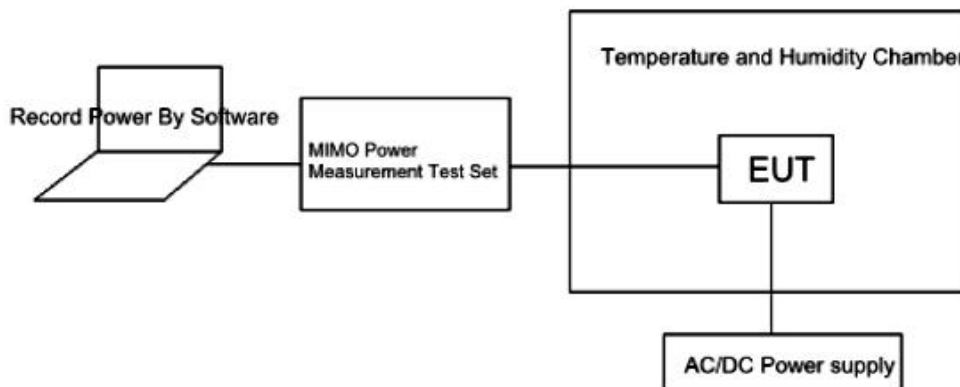
The maximum RF output power for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be declared by the supplier. The maximum RF output power for this equipment shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier. This declared value shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

For adaptive frequency hopping systems

The maximum RF output power for adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be equal to or less than 20 dBm.

4.1.2 Test Setup

For Conducted Measurement



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4.1.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.2

Step 1:

- The fast power sensor use the following setting: Sample speed 1 MS/s.

Step 2:

- Connect the power sensor to the transmit port, sample the transmit signal and store the raw data. Use these stored samples in all following steps.

Step 3:

- Find the start and stop times of each burst in the stored measurement samples.

Step 4:

- Between the start and stop times of each individual burst calculate the RMS power over the burst. Save these P_{burst} values, as well as the start and stop times for each burst.

Step 5:

- The highest of all P_{burst} values (value "A" in dBm) will be used for maximum e.i.r.p. calculations.

Step 6:

- Add the (stated) antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi of the individual antenna.
- If applicable, add the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB.

The RF Output Power (P) shall be calculated using the formula below:

$$P = A + G + Y$$

4.1.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.1 for BT Test Data.

4.1.5 Receiver Category

Receiver Category 1: Adaptive equipment with a maximum RF output power greater than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 1 equipment.

Receiver Category 2: Non-adaptive equipment with a Medium Utilization (MU) factor greater than 1 % and less than or equal to 10 % or equipment (adaptive or non-adaptive) with a maximum RF output power greater than 0 dBm e.i.r.p. and less than or equal to 10 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 2 equipment.

Receiver Category 3: Non-adaptive equipment with a maximum Medium Utilization (MU) factor of 1 % or equipment (adaptive or non-adaptive) with a maximum RF output power of 0 dBm e.i.r.p. shall be considered as receiver category 3 equipment.

As this is an adaptivity device with a maximum power of 1.06dBm, **it belongs to receiver category 2.**



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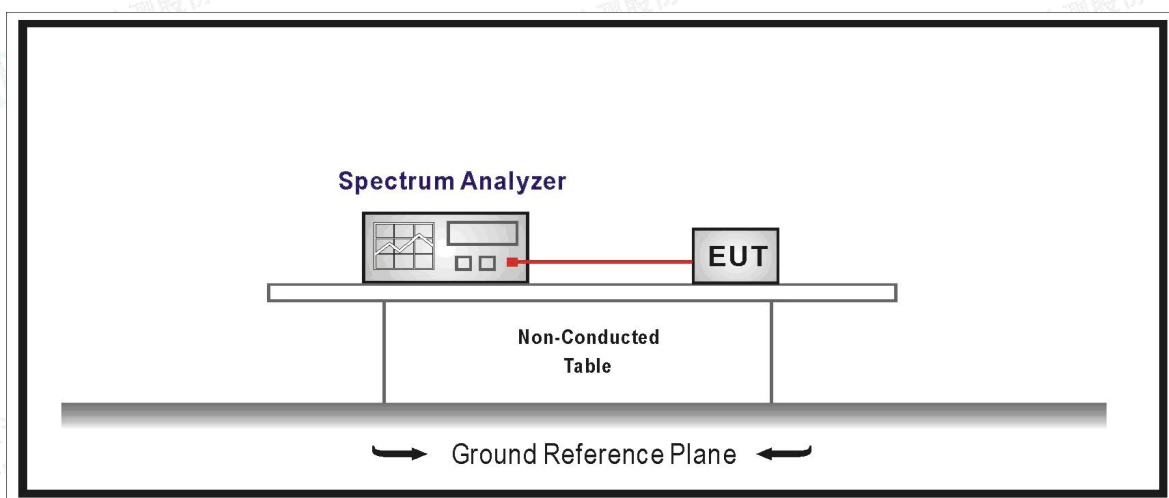
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4.2. Duty Cycle, TX-Sequence, TX-Gap

4.2.1 Limit

For non-adaptive FHSS equipment, the Duty Cycle shall be equal to or less than the maximum value declared by the supplier. In addition, the maximum Tx-sequence time shall be 5 ms while the minimum Tx-gap time shall be 5 ms.

4.2.2 Test Setup



4.2.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.2

4.2.4 Test Result

These requirements apply to non-adaptive frequency hopping equipment or to adaptive frequency hopping equipment operating in a non-adaptive mode.

These requirements do not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.



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4.3. Accumulated Transmit Time, Frequency Occupation and Hopping Sequence

4.3.1 Limit

For non-adaptive frequency hopping systems

The Accumulated Transmit Time on any hopping frequency shall not be greater than 15 ms within any observation period of 15 ms multiplied by the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) that have to be used.

In order for the equipment to comply with the Frequency Occupation requirement, it shall meet either of the following two options:

Option 1: Each hopping frequency of the hopping sequence shall be occupied at least once within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time and the number of hopping frequencies in use.

Option 2: The occupation probability for each frequency shall be between $((1 / U) \times 25 \%)$ and 77 % where U is the number of hopping frequencies in use.

The hopping sequence(s) shall contain at least N hopping frequencies where N is 15 or 15 divided by the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz, whichever is the greater.

For adaptive frequency hopping systems

Adaptive Frequency Hopping systems shall be capable of operating over a minimum of 70 % of the band.

The Accumulated Transmit Time on any hopping frequency shall not be greater than 400 ms within any observation period of 400 ms multiplied by the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) that have to be used.

In order for the equipment to comply with the Frequency Occupation requirement, it shall meet either of the following two options:

Option 1: Each hopping frequency of the hopping sequence shall be occupied at least once within a period not exceeding four times the product of the dwell time and the number of hopping frequencies in use.

Option 2: The occupation probability for each frequency shall be between $((1 / U) \times 25 \%)$ and 77 % where U is the number of hopping frequencies in use.

The hopping sequence(s) shall contain at least N hopping frequencies at all times, where N is 15 or 15 divided by the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation in MHz, whichever is the greater.



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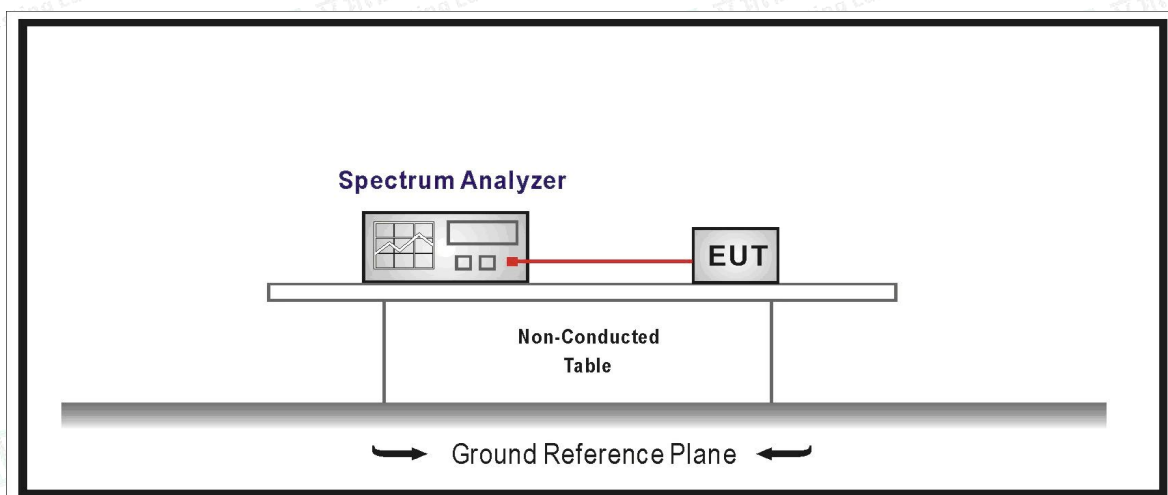
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4.3.2 Test Setup



4.3.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.4

Step 1:

- The output of the transmitter shall be connected to a spectrum analyzer or equivalent.
- The analyzer shall be set as follows:
 - Centre Frequency: Equal to the hopping frequency being investigated
 - Frequency Span: 0 Hz
 - RBW: ~ 50 % of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth (we set RBW=510KHz)
 - VBW: $\geq$ RBW (we set RBW=1500KHz)
 - Detector Mode: RMS
 - Sweep time: Equal to the applicable observation period (we set $400\text{ms} \times 79 = 31600\text{ms}$)
 - Number of sweep points: 30 000
 - Trace mode: Clear / Write
 - Trigger: Free Run

Step 2:

- Save the trace data to a file for further analysis by a computing device using an appropriate software application or program.

Step 3:

- Identify the data points related to the frequency being investigated by applying a threshold. The data points resulting from transmissions on the hopping frequency being investigated are assumed to have much higher levels compared to data points resulting from transmissions on adjacent hopping frequencies. If a clear determination between these transmissions is not possible, the RBW in step 1 shall be further reduced. In addition, a channel filter may be used.
- Count the number of data points identified as resulting from transmissions on the frequency being investigated and multiply this number by the time difference between two consecutive data points.



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**Step 4:**

- The result in step 3 is the Accumulated Transmit Time which shall comply with the limit provided in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2 and which shall be recorded in the test report.

Step 5:

- Make the following changes on the analyzer and repeat steps 2 and 3.
Sweep time: $4 \times \text{Dwell Time} \times \text{Actual number of hopping frequencies in use}$
The hopping frequencies occupied by the equipment without having transmissions during the dwell time (blacklisted frequencies) should be taken into account in the actual number of hopping frequencies in use. If this number cannot be determined (number of blacklisted frequencies unknown) it shall be assumed that the equipment uses the maximum possible number of hopping frequencies.
- The result shall be compared to the limit for the Frequency Occupation defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2. The result of this comparison shall be recorded in the test report.

Step 6:

- Make the following changes on the analyzer:
 - Start Frequency: 2 400 MHz
 - Stop Frequency: 2 483,5 MHz
 - RBW: ~ 50 % of the Occupied Channel Bandwidth (single hop) (we set RBW=510KHz)
 - VBW: $\geq$ RBW (we set RBW=1500KHz)
 - Detector Mode: RMS
 - Sweep time: 1s
 - Trace Mode: Max Hold
 - Trigger: Free Run
- Wait for the trace to stabilize. Identify the number of hopping frequencies used by the hopping sequence.
- The result shall be compared to the limit (value N) defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2. This value shall be recorded in the test report. For equipment with blacklisted frequencies, it might not be possible to verify the number of hopping frequencies in use. However they shall comply with the requirement for Accumulated Transmit Time and Frequency Occupation assuming the minimum number of hopping frequencies (N) defined in clause 4.3.1.4.3.1 or clause 4.3.1.4.3.2 is used.

Step 7:

- For adaptive equipment, using the lowest and highest -20 dB points from the total spectrum envelope obtained in step 6, it shall be verified whether the equipment uses 70 % of the band specified in clause 1. The result shall be recorded in the test report.

4.3.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.2&E.3&E.4 for BT Test Data.



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4.4. Hopping Frequency Separation

4.4.1 Limit

For non-adaptive equipment

For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, the Hopping Frequency Separation shall be equal or greater than the Occupied Channel Bandwidth, with a minimum separation of 100 kHz. For equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. or for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10 dBm e.i.r.p. only the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation of 100 kHz applies.

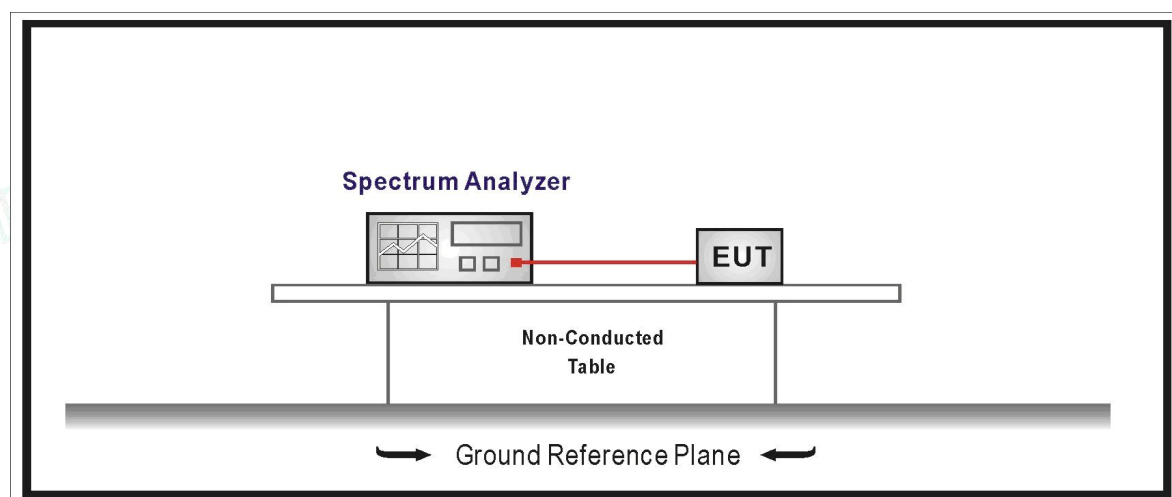
For adaptive equipment

For adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, the minimum Hopping Frequency Separation shall be 100 kHz.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment, which for one or more hopping frequencies, has switched to a non-adaptive mode because interference was detected on all these hopping positions with a level above the threshold level defined in clause 4.3.1.7.2.2 or clause 4.3.1.7.3.2, is allowed to continue to operate with a minimum Hopping Frequency Separation of 100 kHz on these hopping frequencies as long as the interference is present on these frequencies. The equipment shall continue to operate in an adaptive mode on other hopping frequencies.

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment which decided to operate in a non-adaptive mode on one or more hopping frequencies without the presence of interference, shall comply with the limit in clause 4.3.1.5.3.1 for these hopping frequencies as well as with all other requirements applicable to non-adaptive frequency hopping equipment.

4.4.2 Test Setup



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4.4.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.5

The analyzer was setting as follow:

- Centre Frequency: Centre of the two adjacent hopping frequencies
- Frequency Span: Sufficient to see the complete power envelope of both hopping frequencies
- RBW: 1 % of the span (we set RBW=20KHz)
- VBW: $3 \times \text{RBW}$ (we set VBW=60KHz)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep time: 1s

4.4.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.5 for BT Test Data.



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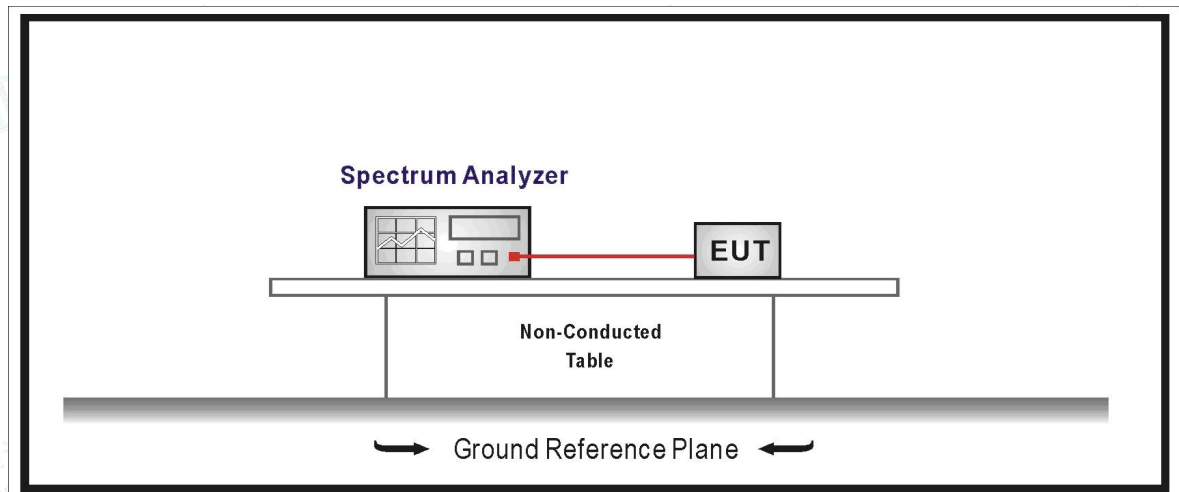
4.5. Medium Utilisation (MU) Factor

4.5.1 Limit

For non-adaptive equipment

The maximum Medium Utilization factor for non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall be 10 %.

4.5.2 Test Setup



4.5.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.2

4.5.4 Test Result

This requirement does not apply to adaptive equipment unless operating in a non-adaptive mode.

In addition, this requirement does not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.



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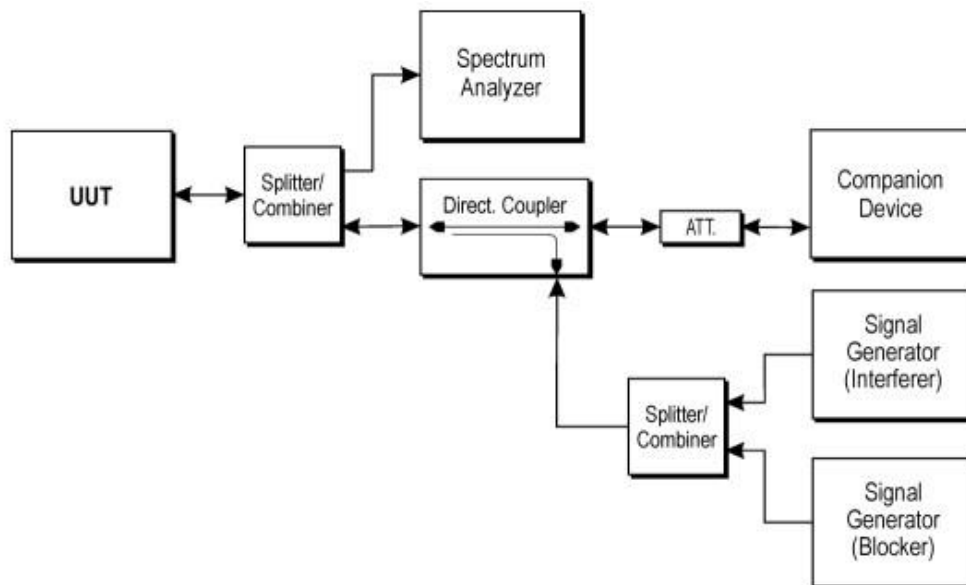
4.6. Adaptivity (Adaptive Frequency Hopping)

4.6.1 Limit

Adaptivity Limit	
☐ LBT based Detect and Avoid	
--- The CCA observation time shall be not less than 0,2 % of the Channel Occupancy Time with a minimum of 18 μ s.;	
--- COT $\leq$ 60 ms;	
--- Idle Period = 5% of COT with a minimum of 100 μ s;	
--- Detection threshold level = -70 dBm/MHz + (20 dBm - Pout e.i.r.p)/1 MHz (Pout in dBm)	
☒ Non-LBT based Detect and Avoid	
--- The frequency shall remain unavailable for a minimum time equal to 1 second or 5 times the actual number of hopping frequencies in the current (adapted) channel map used by the equipment, multiplied with the Channel Occupancy Time whichever is the longest.	
--- COT $\leq$ 40 ms;	
--- For equipment using a dwell time > 40 ms that want to have other transmissions during the same hop (dwell time) an Idle Period (no transmissions) of minimum 5 % of the Channel Occupancy Period with a minimum of 100 μ s shall be implemented.	
--- Detection threshold level = -70 dBm/MHz + (20 dBm - Pout e.i.r.p)/1 MHz (Pout in dBm)	
☐ Short Control Signalling Transmissions:	
--- Short Control Signalling Transmissions shall have a maximum TxOn / (TxOn + TxOff) ratio of 10 % within any observation period of 50 ms or within an observation period equal to the dwell time, whichever is the shorter.	

4.6.2 Test Setup

Conducted measurements



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4.6.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.6

4.6.4 Test Result

This requirement does not apply to non-adaptive equipment or adaptive equipment operating in a non-adaptive mode providing the equipment complies with the requirements and/or restrictions applicable to non-adaptive equipment.

In addition, this requirement does not apply for equipment with a maximum declared RF Output power level of less than 10dBm E.I.R.P. or for equipment when operating in a mode where the RF Output power is less than 10dBm E.I.R.P.

No applicable.



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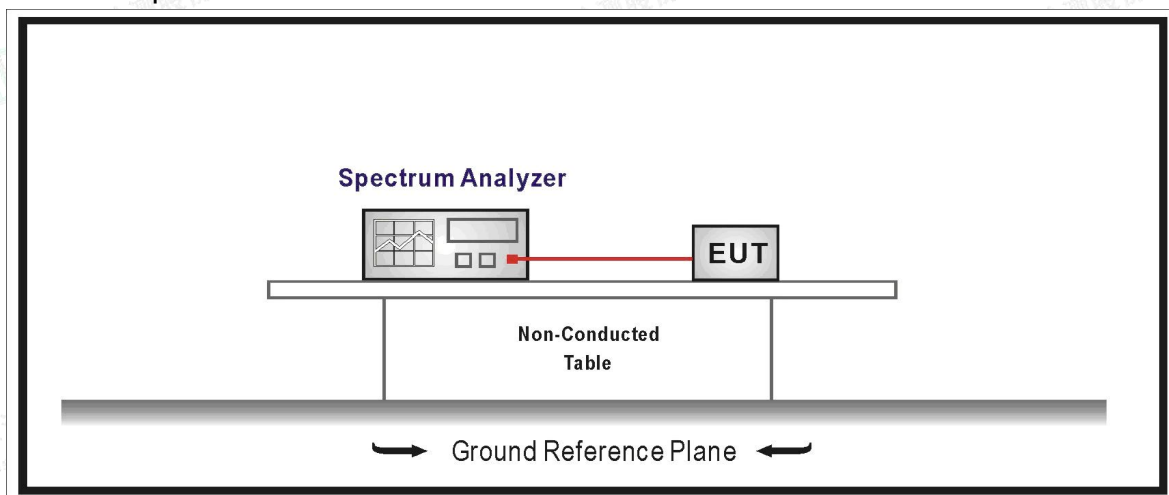
4.7. Occupied Channel Bandwidth

4.7.1 Limit

The Occupied Channel Bandwidth for each hopping frequency shall fall completely within the band 2.4GHz to 2.4835GHz.

For non-adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment with E.I.R.P greater than 10dBm, the Occupied Channel Bandwidth for every occupied hopping frequency shall be equal to or less than the value declared by the supplier. This declared value shall not be greater than 5 MHz.

4.7.2 Test Setup



4.7.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.7

Step 1:

Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: The centre frequency of the channel under test
- Resolution BW: $\sim 1\%$ of the span without going below 1% (We set RBW=20KHz)
- Video BW: $3 \times \text{RBW}$ (We set VBW=60KHz)
- Frequency Span: $2 \times \text{Occupied Channel Bandwidth}$ (We set Span=2MHz)
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Trace Mode: Max Hold

Step 2:

Wait until the trace is completed. Find the peak value of the trace and place the analyser marker on this peak.

Step 3:

Use the 99 % bandwidth function of the spectrum analyser to measure the Occupied Channel Bandwidth of the UUT. This value shall be recorded.

4.7.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.6 for BT Test Data.



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4.8. Transmitter Unwanted Emissions in the Out-of-band Domain

4.8.1 Limit

The transmitter unwanted emissions in the out-of-band domain but outside the allocated band, shall not exceed the values provided by the mask in figure 1.

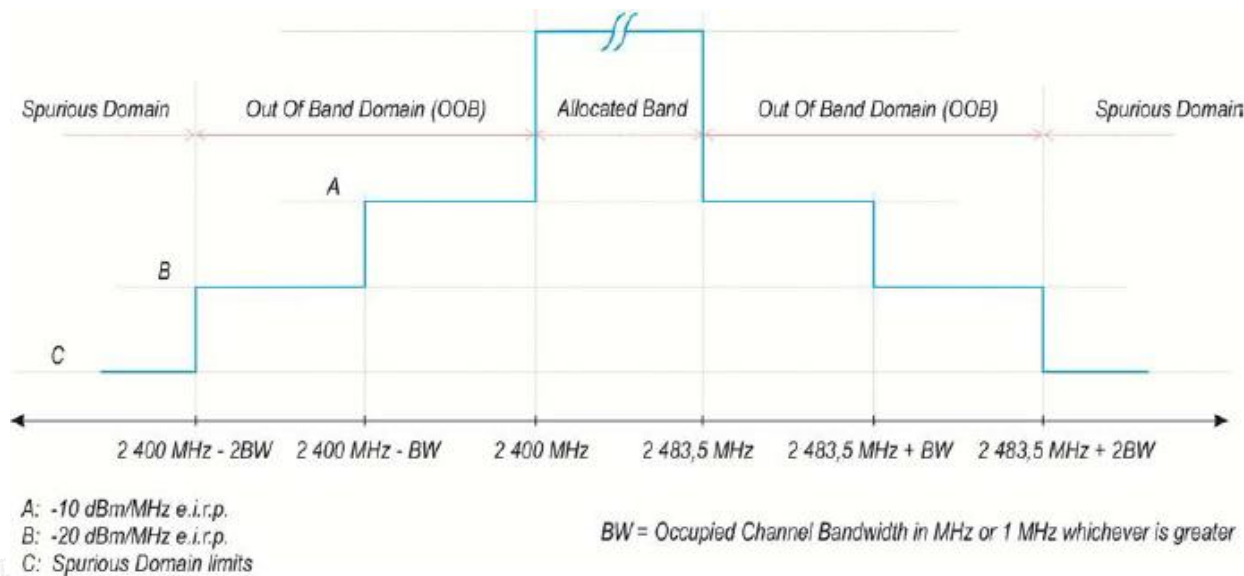
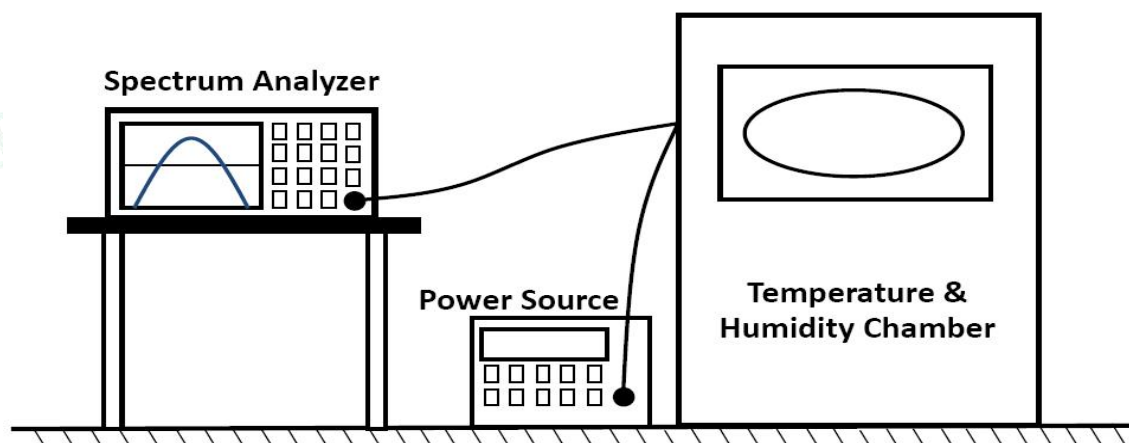


Figure 1: Transmit mask

4.8.2 Test Setup

For Conducted Measurement



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4.8.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.8

Step 1:

- Connect the UUT to the spectrum analyser and use the following settings:

- Centre Frequency: 2 484 MHz
- Span: 0 Hz
- Resolution BW: 1 MHz
- Filter mode: Channel filter
- Video BW: 3 MHz
- Detector Mode: RMS
- Trace Mode: Clear / Write
- Sweep Mode: Continuous
- Sweep Points: Sweep Time [s] / (1 μ s) or 5 000 whichever is greater
- Trigger Mode: Video trigger

NOTE 1: In case video triggering is not possible, an external trigger source may be used.

- Sweep Time: > 120 % of the duration of the longest burst detected during the measurement of the RF Output Power

Step 2: (segment 2 483,5 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz + BW)

- Adjust the trigger level to select the transmissions with the highest power level.
- For frequency hopping equipment operating in a normal hopping mode, the different hops will result in signal bursts with different power levels. In this case the burst with the highest power level shall be selected.
- Set a window (start and stop lines) to match with the start and end of the burst and in which the RMS power shall be measured using the Time Domain Power function.
- Select RMS power to be measured within the selected window and note the result which is the RMS power within this 1 MHz segment (2 483,5 MHz to 2 484,5 MHz). Compare this value with the applicable limit provided by the mask.
- Increase the centre frequency in steps of 1 MHz and repeat this measurement for every 1 MHz segment within the range 2 483,5 MHz to 2 483,5 MHz + BW. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + BW - 0,5 MHz (which means this may partly overlap with the previous 1 MHz segment).

Step 3: (segment 2 483,5 MHz + BW to 2 483,5 MHz + 2BW)

- Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 484 MHz + BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 483,5 MHz + BW to 2 483,5 MHz + 2BW. Increase the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 483,5 MHz + 2 BW - 0,5 MHz.

Step 4: (segment 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz)



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- Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - BW to 2 400 MHz. Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0,5 MHz.

Step 5: (segment 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW)

- Change the centre frequency of the analyser to 2 399,5 MHz - BW and perform the measurement for the first 1 MHz segment within range 2 400 MHz - 2BW to 2 400 MHz - BW. Reduce the centre frequency in 1 MHz steps and repeat the measurements to cover this whole range. The centre frequency of the last 1 MHz segment shall be set to 2 400 MHz - 2BW + 0,5 MHz.

Step 6:

- In case of conducted measurements on equipment with a single transmit chain, the declared antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi shall be added to the results for each of the 1 MHz segments and compared with the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the antenna with the highest gain shall be considered.
- In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems (equipment with multiple transmit chains), the measurements need to be repeated for each of the active transmit chains. The declared antenna assembly gain "G" in dBi for a single antenna shall be added to these results. If more than one antenna assembly is intended for this power setting, the antenna with the highest gain shall be considered. Comparison with the applicable limits shall be done using any of the options given below:
 - Option 1: the results for each of the transmit chains for the corresponding 1 MHz segments shall be added. The additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB shall be added as well and the resulting values compared with the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3.
 - Option 2: the limits provided by the mask given in figures 1 or 3 shall be reduced by $10 \times \log_{10}(A_{ch})$ and the additional beamforming gain "Y" in dB. The results for each of the transmit chains shall be individually compared with these reduced limits.

NOTE 2: A_{ch} refers to the number of active transmit chains.

It shall be recorded whether the equipment complies with the mask provided in figures 1 or 3.

4.8.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.7 for BT Test Data.



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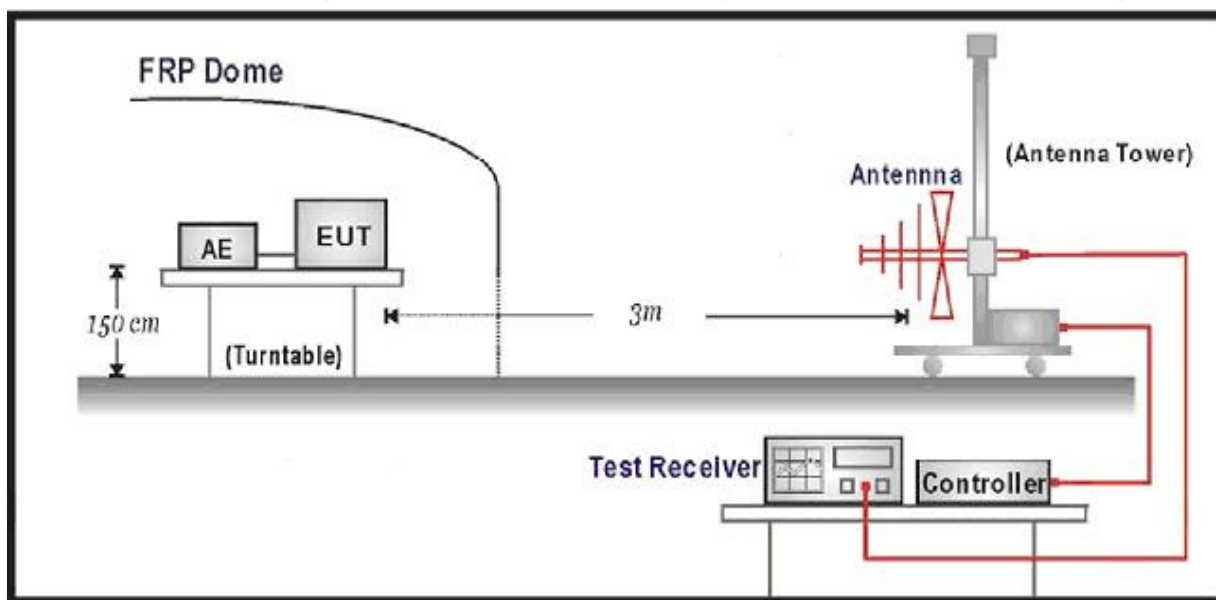
4.9. Transmitter Unwanted Emissions in the Spurious Domain

4.9.1 Limit

Transmitter Limits for Spurious Emissions		
Frequency Range	Maximum power E.R.P. ($\leq 1\text{GHz}$) E.I.R.P. ($> 1\text{GHz}$)	Bandwidth
30 MHz to 47 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
47 MHz to 74 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
74 MHz to 87,5 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
87,5 MHz to 118 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
118 MHz to 174 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
174 MHz to 230 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
230 MHz to 470 MHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
470 MHz to 694 MHz	-54 dBm	100 kHz
694 MHz to 1 GHz	-36 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12,75 GHz	-30 dBm	1 MHz

4.9.2 Test Setup

For Radiated Measurement



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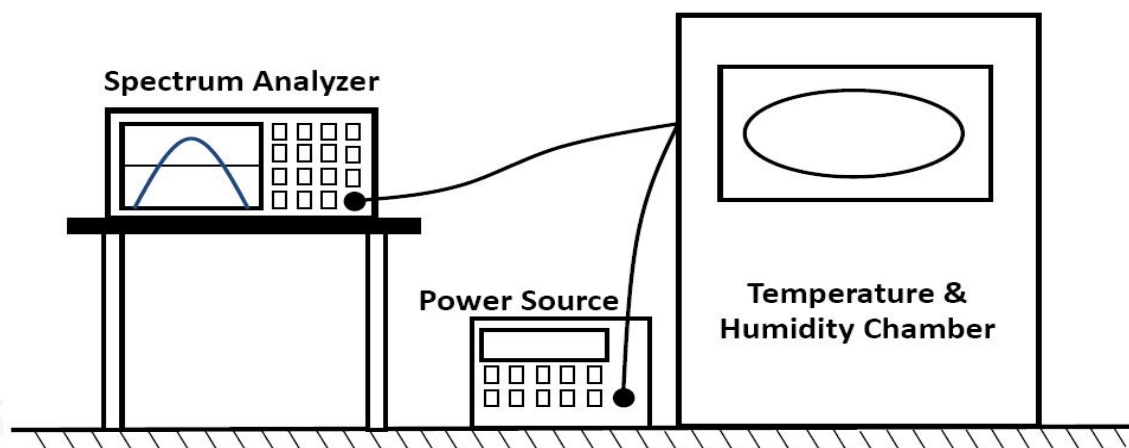
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For Conducted Measurement



4.9.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.9

Step 1:

The sensitivity of the spectrum analyser should be such that the noise floor is at least 12 dB below the limits given in tables 1 or 4.

Step 2:

The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz
- Video bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Detector mode: Peak
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep Points: ≥ 19400

NOTE 1: For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented.

• Sweep time: For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 100 kHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT. For Frequency Hopping equipment operating in a normal operating (hopping not disabled) mode, the sweep time shall be further increased to capture multiple transmissions on the same hopping frequency in different hopping sequences. Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.10.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 1 or 4.

Step 3:

The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz



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- Video bandwidth: 3 MHz
- Detector mode: Peak
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep Points: ≥ 23500

NOTE 2: For spectrum analysers not supporting this high number of sweep points, the frequency band may need to be segmented.

- Sweep time: For non continuous transmissions (duty cycle less than 100 %), the sweep time shall be sufficiently long, such that for each 1 MHz frequency step, the measurement time is greater than two transmissions of the UUT.

4.9.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.8 for BT Test Data.

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.



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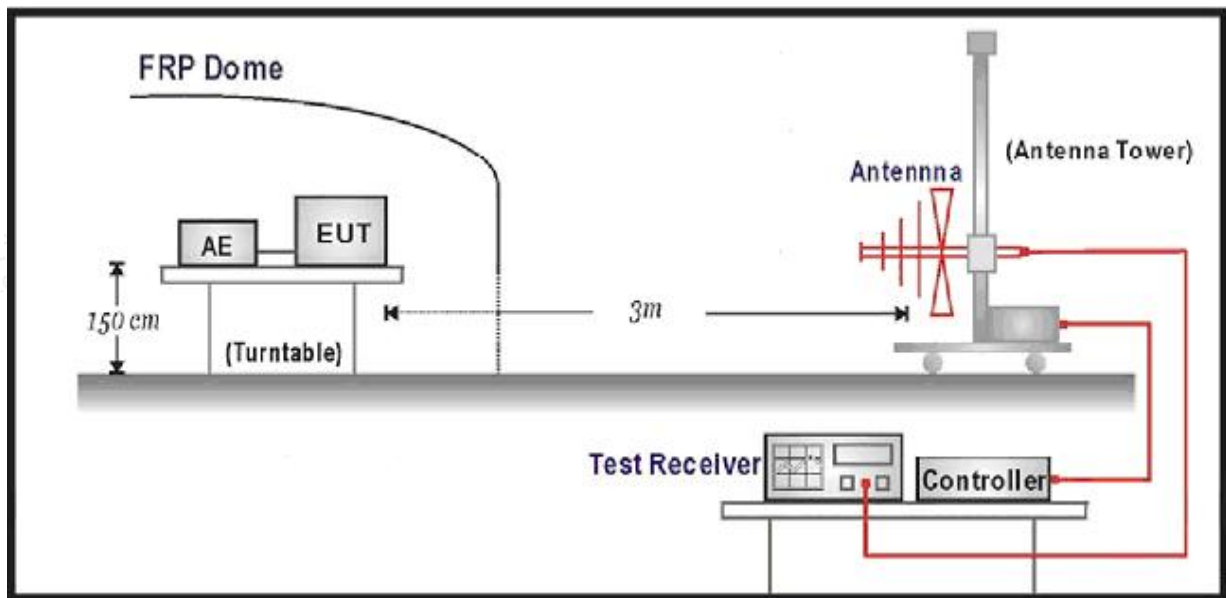
4.10. Receiver Spurious Emissions

4.10.1 Limit

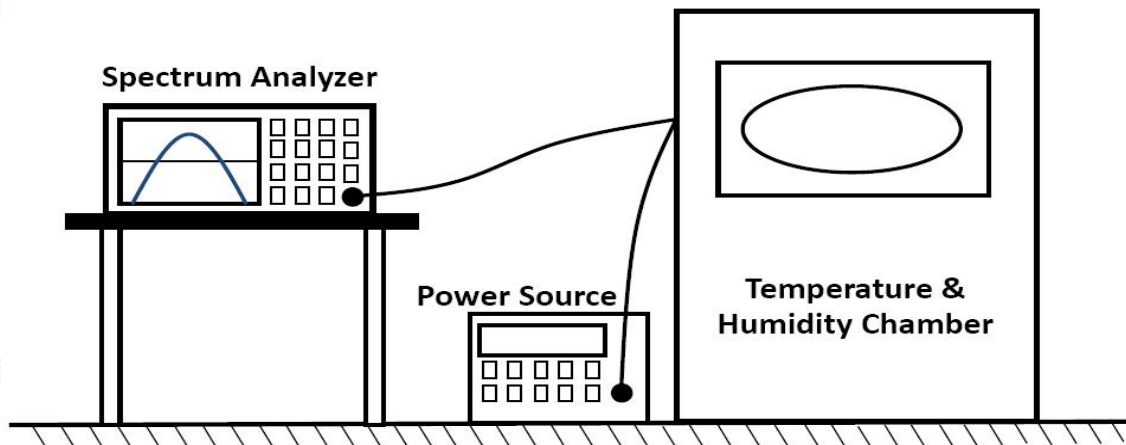
Spurious emissions limits for receivers		
Frequency Range	Maximum power E.R.P. ($\leq 1\text{GHz}$) E.I.R.P. ($> 1\text{GHz}$)	Measurement bandwidth
30 MHz to 1 GHz	-57 dBm	100 kHz
1 GHz to 12.75 GHz	-47 dBm	1 MHz

4.10.2 Test Setup

For Radiated Measurement



For Conducted Measurement



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4.10.3 Test Procedure

Refer to ETSI EN 300 328 V2.2.2 (2019-07) Clause 5.4.10

Step 1:

The sensitivity of the spectrum analyser should be such that the noise floor is at least 12 dB below the limits given in tables 2 or 5.

Step 2:

The emissions over the range 30 MHz to 1 000 MHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Resolution bandwidth: 100 kHz
- Video bandwidth: 300 kHz
- Detector mode: Peak
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep Points: ≥ 19400
- Sweep time: Auto

Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above and that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.11.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 2 or 5.

Step 3:

The emissions over the range 1 GHz to 12,75 GHz shall be identified.

Spectrum analyser settings:

- Resolution bandwidth: 1 MHz
- Video bandwidth: 3 MHz
- Detector mode: Peak
- Trace Mode: Max Hold
- Sweep Points: ≥ 23500
- Sweep time: Auto

Allow the trace to stabilize. Any emissions identified during the sweeps above that fall within the 6 dB range below the applicable limit or above, shall be individually measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.11.2.1.3 and compared to the limits given in tables 2 or 5. Frequency Hopping equipment may generate a block (or several blocks) of spurious emissions anywhere within the spurious domain. If this is the case, only the highest peak of each block of emissions shall be measured using the procedure in clause 5.3.11.2.1.3.

Step 4:

- In case of conducted measurements on smart antenna systems (equipment with multiple receive chains), the steps 2 and 3 need to be repeated for each of the active receive chains (Ach). The limits used to identify emissions during this pre-scan need to be reduced with $10 \times \log_{10}(\text{Ach})$ (number of active receive chains).

4.10.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.9 for BT Test Data.

Note: All modulations of EUT have been tested and only record the worst data in the report.



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4.11. Receiver Blocking

4.11.1 Limit

Adaptive Frequency Hopping equipment shall comply with the requirements defined in clause 4.3.1.12.4

Table 6: Receiver Blocking parameters for Receiver Category 1 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 4)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 4)	Type of blocking signal
(-133 dBm + 10 × log ₁₀ (OCBW)) or -68 dBm whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504	-34	CW
(-139 dBm + 10 × log ₁₀ (OCBW)) or -74 dBm whichever is less (see note 3)	2 300 2 330 2 360 2 524 2 584 2 674		
NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz.			
NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to P _{min} + 26 dB where P _{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.			
NOTE 3: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to P _{min} + 20 dB where P _{min} is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal.			
NOTE 4: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.			

Table 7: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver Category 2 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 3)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 3)	Type of blocking signal
$(-139 \text{ dBm} + 10 \times \log_{10}(\text{OCBW}) + 10 \text{ dB})$ or $(-74 \text{ dBm} + 10 \text{ dB})$ whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504 2 300 2 584	-34	CW
NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz. NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{\min} + 26 \text{ dB}$ where $P_{\min}$ is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal. NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.			



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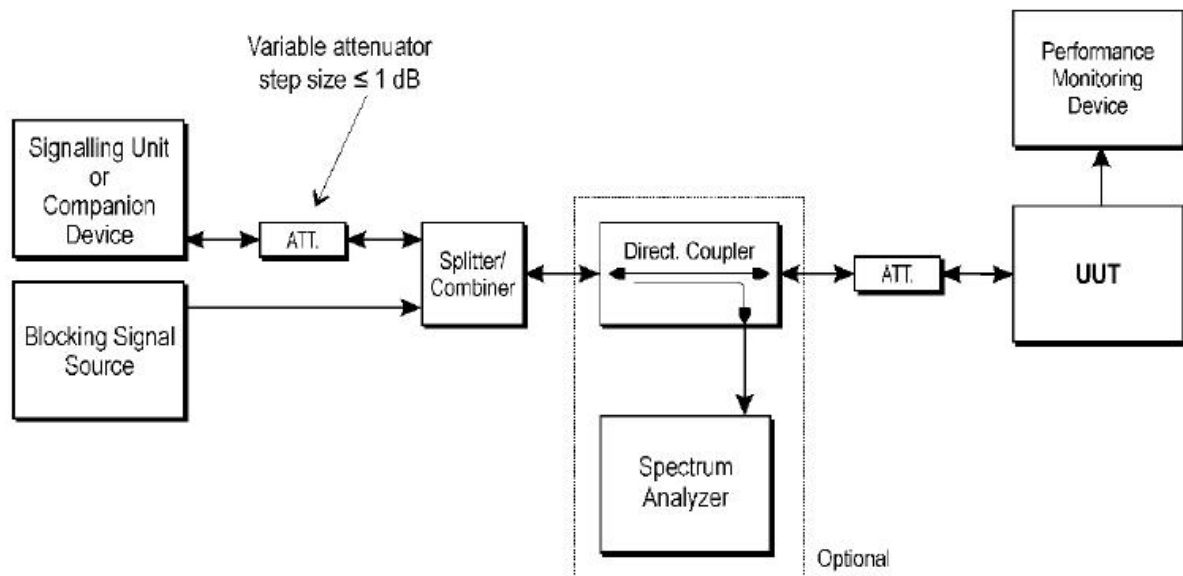
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Table 8: Receiver Blocking parameters receiver Category 3 equipment

Wanted signal mean power from companion device (dBm) (see notes 1 and 3)	Blocking signal frequency (MHz)	Blocking signal power (dBm) (see note 3)	Type of blocking signal
$(-139 \text{ dBm} + 10 \times \log_{10}(\text{OCBW}) + 20 \text{ dB})$ or $(-74 \text{ dBm} + 20 \text{ dB})$ whichever is less (see note 2)	2 380 2 504 2 300 2 584	-34	CW
NOTE 1: OCBW is in Hz. NOTE 2: In case of radiated measurements using a companion device and the level of the wanted signal from the companion device cannot be determined, a relative test may be performed using a wanted signal up to $P_{\min} + 30 \text{ dB}$ where $P_{\min}$ is the minimum level of wanted signal required to meet the minimum performance criteria as defined in clause 4.3.1.12.3 in the absence of any blocking signal. NOTE 3: The level specified is the level at the UUT receiver input assuming a 0 dBi antenna assembly gain. In case of conducted measurements, this level has to be corrected for the (in-band) antenna assembly gain (G). In case of radiated measurements, this level is equivalent to a power flux density (PFD) in front of the UUT antenna with the UUT being configured/positioned as recorded in clause 5.4.3.2.2.			

4.11.2 Test Setup

Conducted measurements



4.11.3 Test Procedure

Step 1:

- For non-frequency hopping equipment, the UUT shall be set to the lowest operating channel.

Step 2:

- The blocking signal generator is set to the first frequency as defined in the appropriate table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 3:

- With the blocking signal generator switched off, a communication link is established between the UUT and the associated companion device using the test setup shown in figure 6. The



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attenuation of the variable attenuator shall be increased in 1 dB steps to a value at which the minimum performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is still met.

The resulting level for the wanted signal at the input of the UUT is P_{min} .

- This signal level (P_{min}) is increased by the value provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 4:

- The blocking signal at the UUT is set to the level provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment. It shall be verified and recorded in the test report that the performance criteria as specified in clause 4.3.1.12.3 or clause 4.3.2.11.3 is met.

Step 5:

- Repeat step 4 for each remaining combination of frequency and level for the blocking signal as provided in the table corresponding to the receiver category and type of equipment.

Step 6:

- For non-frequency hopping equipment, repeat step 2 to step 5 with the UUT operating at the highest operating channel.

4.11.4 Test Result

Please refer to the Appendix E.10 for BT Test Data.



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5. LIST OF MEASURING EQUIPMENT

Item	Equipment	Manufacturer	Model No.	Serial No.	Cal Date	Due Date
1	X-series USB Peak and Average Power Sensor Agilent	Agilent	U2021XA	MY54080022	2023-10-20	2024-10-19
2	4 CH. Simultaneous Sampling 14 Bits 2MS/s	Agilent	U2531A	MY54080016	2023-10-20	2024-10-19
3	Test Software	Ascentest	AT890-SW	20160630	N/A	N/A
4	RF Control Unit	Ascentest	AT890-RFB	N/A	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
5	MXA Signal Analyzer	Agilent	N9020A	MY49061051	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
6	DC Power Supply	Agilent	E3642A	N/A	2023-10-18	2024-10-17
7	MXG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	N5182A	MY47071151	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
8	ESG Vector Signal Generator	Agilent	E4438C	MY49072627(3 G)	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
9	PSG Analog Signal Generator	Agilent	E8257D	MY4520521	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
10	Temperature & Humidity Chamber	GUANGZHOU GOGNWEN	GDS-100	70932	2023-10-05	2024-10-04
11	EMI Test Software	Farad	EZ	/	N/A	N/A
12	3m Full Anechoic Chamber	MRDIANZI	FAC-3M	MR009	2022-08-17	2025-08-16
13	Positioning Controller	Max-Full	MF7802BS	MF780208586	N/A	N/A
14	Active Loop Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	FMZB 1519B	00005	2021-08-29	2024-08-28
15	By-log Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	VULB9163	9163-470	2021-09-12	2024-09-11
16	Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9120D	9120D-1925	2021-09-05	2024-09-04
17	Broadband Horn Antenna	SCHWARZBECK	BBHA 9170	791	2021-08-29	2024-08-28
18	Broadband Preamplifier	SCHWARZBECK	BBV9719	9719-025	2021-08-29	2024-08-28
19	EMI Test Receiver	R&S	ESR7	101181	2023-08-15	2024-08-14
20	RS SPECTRUM ANALYZER	R&S	FSP40	100503	2023-07-17	2024-07-16
21	Low-frequency amplifier	SchwarzZBECK	BBV9745	00253	2023-10-18	2024-10-17
22	High-frequency amplifier	JS Denki Pte	PA0118-43	JSPA21009	2023-10-18	2024-10-17
23	WIDEBAND RADIO COMMUNICATION TESTER	R&S	CMW 500	103818	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
24	6dB Attenuator	/	100W/6dB	1172040	2024-06-06	2025-06-05
25	3dB Attenuator	/	2N-3dB	/	2023-10-18	2024-10-17



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6. PHOTOGRAPHS OF TEST SETUP

Please refer to separated files Appendix D for Photographs of Test Setup_RF.

7. PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EUT

Please refer to separated files Appendix C for Photographs of The EUT.

-----THE END OF REPORT-----



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